

## Media Statement: Leading US cardiology societies strongly recommend Entresto® as a new standard of care treatment in an earlier-than-expected joint update of clinical practice guidelines for heart failure

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Three leading US cardiology societies have jointly issued a clinical practice guideline update that has redefined standard of care treatment for heart failure and given Entresto® a strong Class I Level of Evidence B-R recommendation for the management of heart failure with reduced ejection fraction (HFrEF).1 The earlier-than-expected update was released simultaneously with new European guidance.1,2

Entresto is now a guideline-recommended standard therapy for chronic HFrEF patients to reduce morbidity and mortality, as an alternative to angiotensin converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitors or angiotensin II receptor blockers (ARB), together with a beta blocker and an aldosterone antagonist.1 To further reduce morbidity and mortality, the guideline specifically advises doctors to switch chronic HFrEF patients with mild to moderate symptoms who are otherwise tolerating an ACE or ARB to Entresto.1 Class I is the strongest type of recommendation recognizing the benefits of a treatment, and level B-R is the highest possible quality of clinical evidence for a treatment with only a single randomized clinical trial.1

Jointly issued by the American College of Cardiology (ACC), the American Heart Association (AHA) and the Heart Failure Society of America (HFSA), the new guideline underscores the potential of Entresto to significantly reduce risk of death due to cardiovascular causes or heart failure hospitalization, and the critical need to reduce the impact of this devastating disease on patients and our healthcare system.1 This is excellent news for physicians and patients with HFrEF. Heart failure is a debilitating condition that affects nearly 6 million people in the US, about half of whom have the reduced ejection fraction form.3,4

Heart failure patients may suffer poor quality of life and are at increased risk of hospitalization and death.3,5,6,7 Not only do heart failure patients suffer from symptoms that may impact their daily lives, about half of patients diagnosed with heart failure die within 5 years.3,8,9 Symptoms of HF can include shortness of breath, swollen limbs due to build-up of fluid, and fatigue.10

## References

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**Novartis Media Relations** 

Eric Althoff

Novartis Global Media Relations Michael Billings

+1 212 830 2408 (direct) Novartis Pharmaceuticals Corporation

+ 41 79 593 4202 (mobile) +1 862 778 8656 (direct) eric.althoff@novartis.com +1 201 400 1854 (mobile)

michael.billings@novartis.com

e-mail: us.mediarelations@novartis.com

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## List of links present in page

- https://qa1.novartis.us/us-en/us-en/news/media-releases/media-statement-leading-us-cardiology-societies-strongly-recommend-entresto-new-standard-care-treatment-earlier-expected-joint-update-clinical-practice-guidelines-heart-failure
- 2. https://content.onlinejacc.org/article.aspx?articleid=2524644
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- 4. http://www.heart.org/HEARTORG/Conditions/HeartFailure/WarningSignsforHeartFailure/Warning-Signs-of-Heart-Failure\_UCM\_002045\_Article.jsp#.VzuPvfkrLIU
- 5. mailto:eric.althoff@novartis.com
- 6. mailto:us.mediarelations@novartis.com
- 7. mailto:michael.billings@novartis.com